Transforming UK migration statistics:



Concepts and definitions

Becca Briggs Centre for International Migration

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We are transforming the way we produce migration statistics

- Aiming to put administrative data at the core of our evidence on population and migration
- Using the rich administrative data sources that ONS is able to access through the Digital Economy Act
- Working in partnership across the UK Government Statistical Service (GSS) to deliver this

What do our users need to know?

- Our transformation framework puts users at the heart of what we do
- Users need more detailed evidence on migration, including impacts
- Changing policy context in the UK
- Taking a consultative approach and seeking regular feedback

Concepts

What concepts do we need to measure, and what definitions support these?

e.g UK Migration

UK arrivals UK departures UK departures Internal UK movement

What data can we use to answer users' questions?

- Administrative
- Census
- Survey

Data

• Big/commercial/other data sources

What are the user needs?

How is the population changing, including patterns of international migration?

What impact is this having on the economy, labour markets and society?

Outputs

What outputs do we need to produce?

- Population and international migration outputs
- Migrants and migration analysis
- Population characteristics
- Demographic analysis
- Families and households statistics

Methods

What methods can we use to analyse administrative data?

Estimate population flows

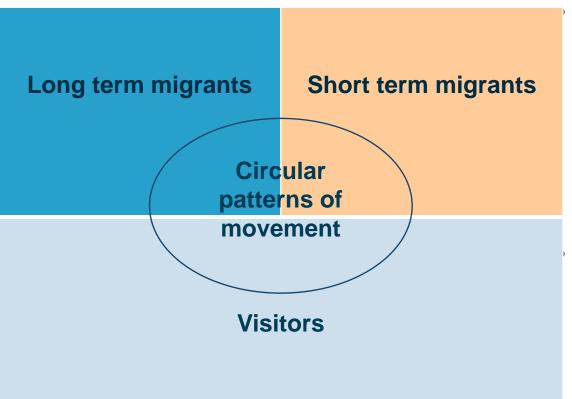
Estimate population stocks

Triangulate the results

Concepts and definitions: our latest research

- In January 2019 we published an update report on our transformation programme, based around our framework
- Making more use of administrative data gives us a good opportunity to review *what* our migration statistics measure, based on user needs, and add more flexibility as needed (new/alternative definitions)
- Our research using Home Office Exit Checks data (non-EU) showed the complexity of travel patterns how to better reflect these in our statistics

Case study: Circular migration



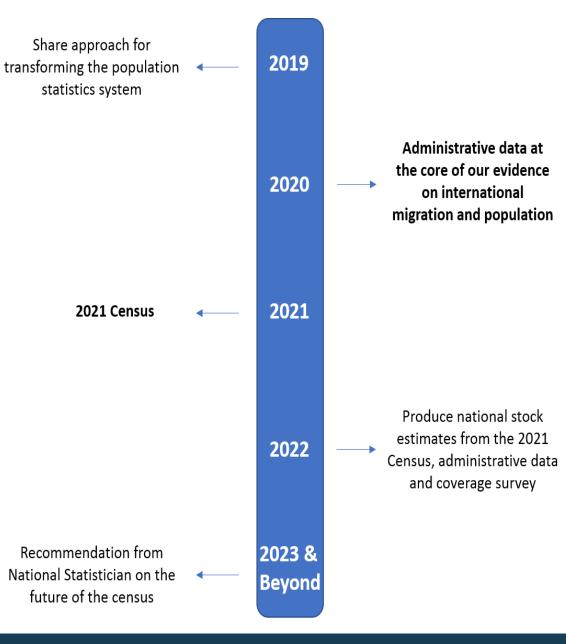
An area where there is potential for us to produce statistics in future – how to define and analyse these types of movements?

Initial research carried out using Home Office data (non-EU). Not a homogenous group, travel for different reasons and different time periods.



Next steps

- On June 21st we published our latest update, including a report on user feedback. We heard:
 - Support for reviewing concepts and definitions
 - Importance of short-term and circular migration
 - Range of different user needs
- Plan to publish a report later this year, including our thinking on concepts and definitions





Any questions?

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Office for National Statistics